

Harrow & Hillingdon Geological Society 1973 - 2023 Celebrating 50 years

## Stanmore Gravel Project

Investigating the gravel in the vicinity of Harrow Weald geological SSSI

Project Aim	Specific Aim	Works needed
To provide a clear description of the gravel at the SSSI on Harrow Weald Common	Measure the thickness of the gravel at various locations to check depth	Identify locations where the deposit may remain relatively undisturbed. Site visits with trowels to remove topsoil. Use hand augur to collect samples digging into the surface vertically and/or horizontally
	Drill a small vertical borehole to find what lies beneath the gravel	Requires the use of a mechanical drill rig
2. To locate and examine an original in-situ deposit of Stanmore Gravel	Cut a vertical section through the gravel deposit to observe depositional features (ideally make use of an existing bank as this avoid the need to dig a pit down from a flat surface)	Minimum 1m x 1m Cut in steps each 1m deep Preferred width 2-3m Depth depends on the thickness of the deposit (believed to be 3m in this area) Requires the use of a mechanical digger or a team of strong people
3. To examine a sample of the gravel and conduct tests to analyse its content	Having found suitable sites considered to be at the original surface of the deposit and relatively undisturbed, remove samples for analysis	<ul><li>a) collect sacks of pebbles and do a clast analysis (pebble count)</li><li>b) collect a small quantity of sandy matrix to conduct heavy mineral analysis, SEM surface grain analysis, microfossil analysis</li></ul>
Netley Heath	Wey Gap Hog's Back	LHR Control Tower



Harrow & Hillingdon Geological Society Field Trip to Harrow Weald Common SSSI and surrounding area 24<sup>th</sup> August 2022







Examples of the large pebbles found in the Stanmore Gravel deposit. Most pebbles are less than half the size of these.







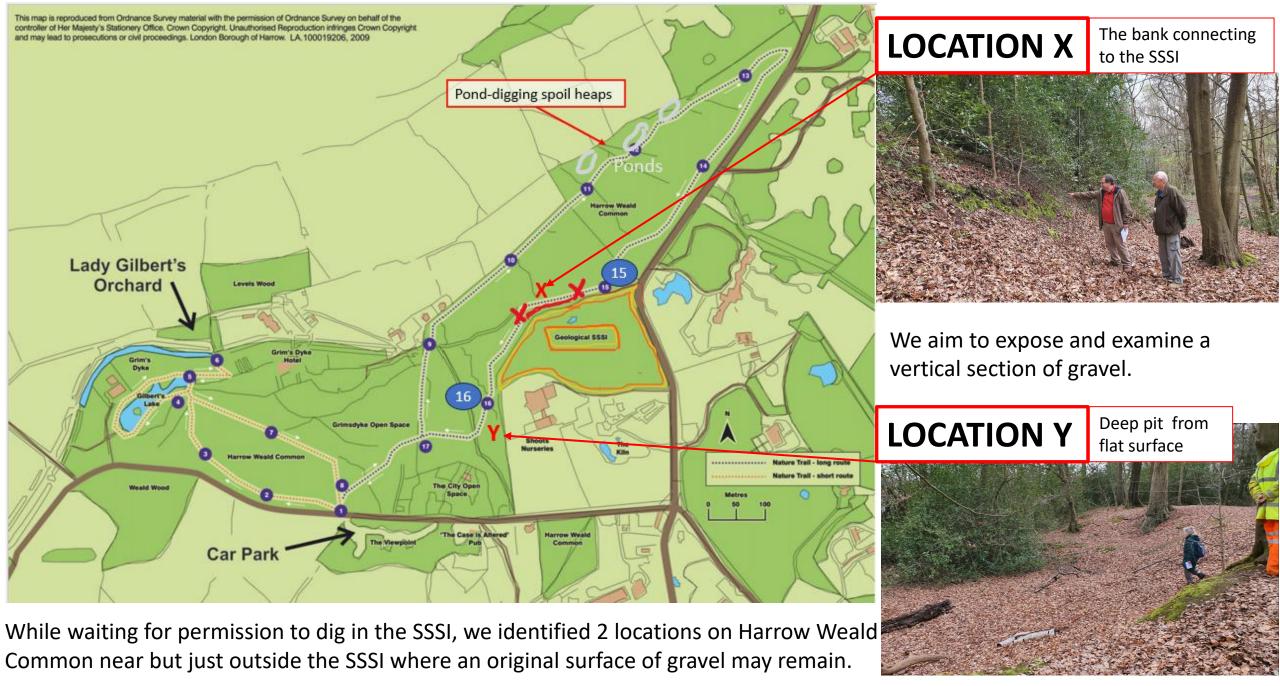




Diana Clements preparing the Harrow Weald Common geotrail for her 2nd edition of "The Geology of London"



The entire Common is uneven and pitted where gravel has been removed for hundreds of years. Since 1899, Conservators have been responsible for preventing the removal of gravel.



We are grateful to Harrow Council and the Conservators of Harrow Weald Common for allowing us to proceed with this.

We also collected gravel from spoil heaps on the north of the Common following pond-digging and flood management measures. May 8<sup>th</sup> 2023: Gravel of specific grain sizes were collected and stored for clast analysis (can only be indicative of Stanmore Gravel)















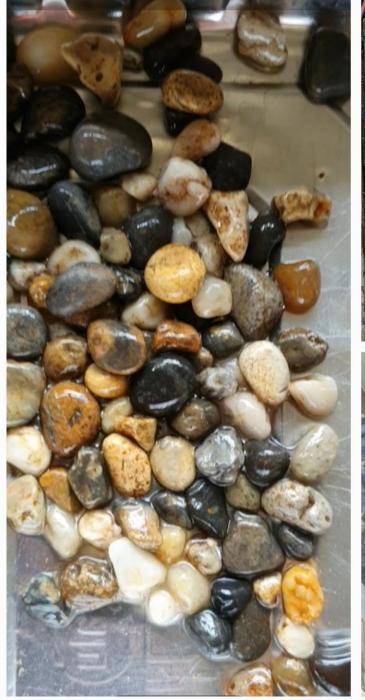




A small amount of gravel from the spoil heaps was washed and sorted for use in our exhibitions and has been shown at our Discovery Sessions at Brunel University. Two fragments of glass emerged during sorting showing a certain amount of recent contamination.

These spoil heap samples can only be taken as indicative of gravel content.











Pebble
Sorting YouTube















Large cobble collected from same spoil heap







Display sample from spoil heap, 8th May23



Washing and sorting Stanmore Gravel - YouTube



Near Old Redding London Loop entrance to HW Common [16]



Base of pit: Gravel in tree root has sandy matrix



Mottled Clay exposed in bank







When we removed the leaves we found large pebbles over the surface with clay immediately beneath. There was no gravel layer in this part of the bank. The clay is an intense orange colour with greenishwhite mottling.

The orange parts are more silty while the greenishwhite parts seem to have a higher clay content. The clay pellets we took at depth from the auger were the greenish-white type.



Bucket auger was used to collect 7 samples from ~40cm to 76cm





Screw auger was used for the final sample from 76cms

Close-up of clay sample when dry. For use in public engagement events.

Bagged samples to be sent for analysis. The rest was returned to backfill the hole.



Collecting samples of
Stanmore Gravel from Harrow
Weald Common - YouTube

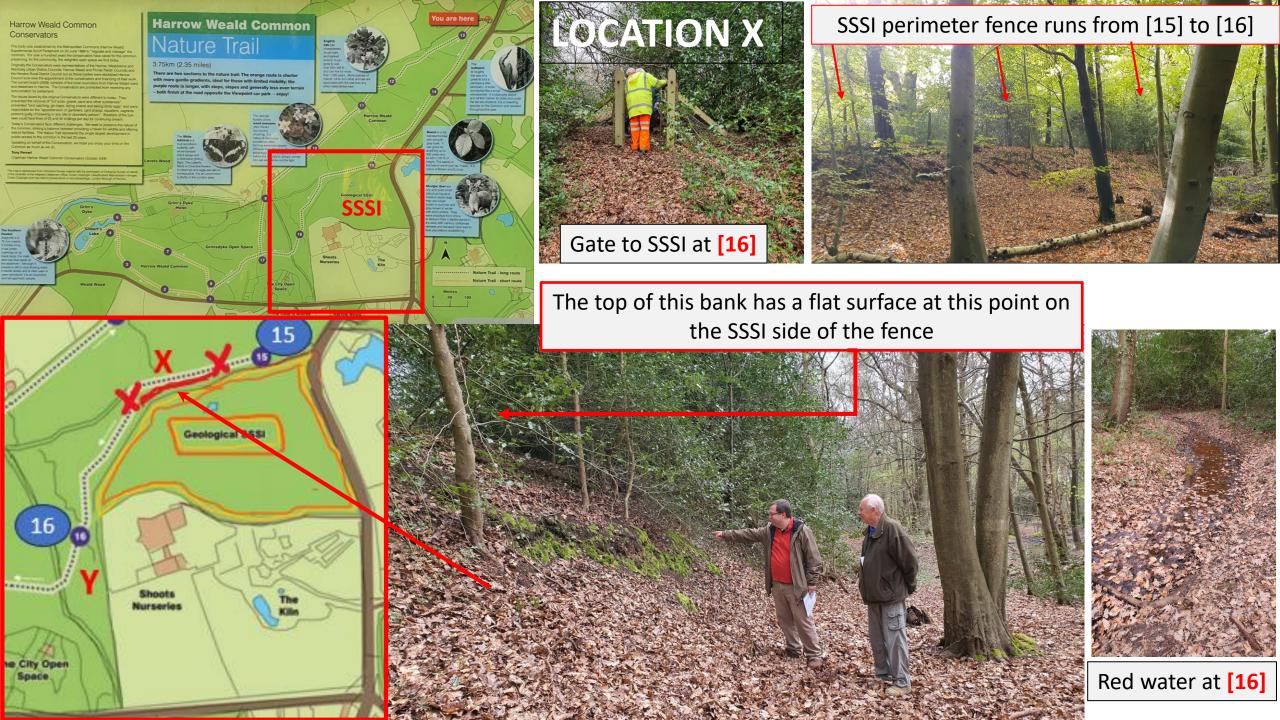


There were 3 pebbles in the screw augur sample from below 76cm in the pale clay





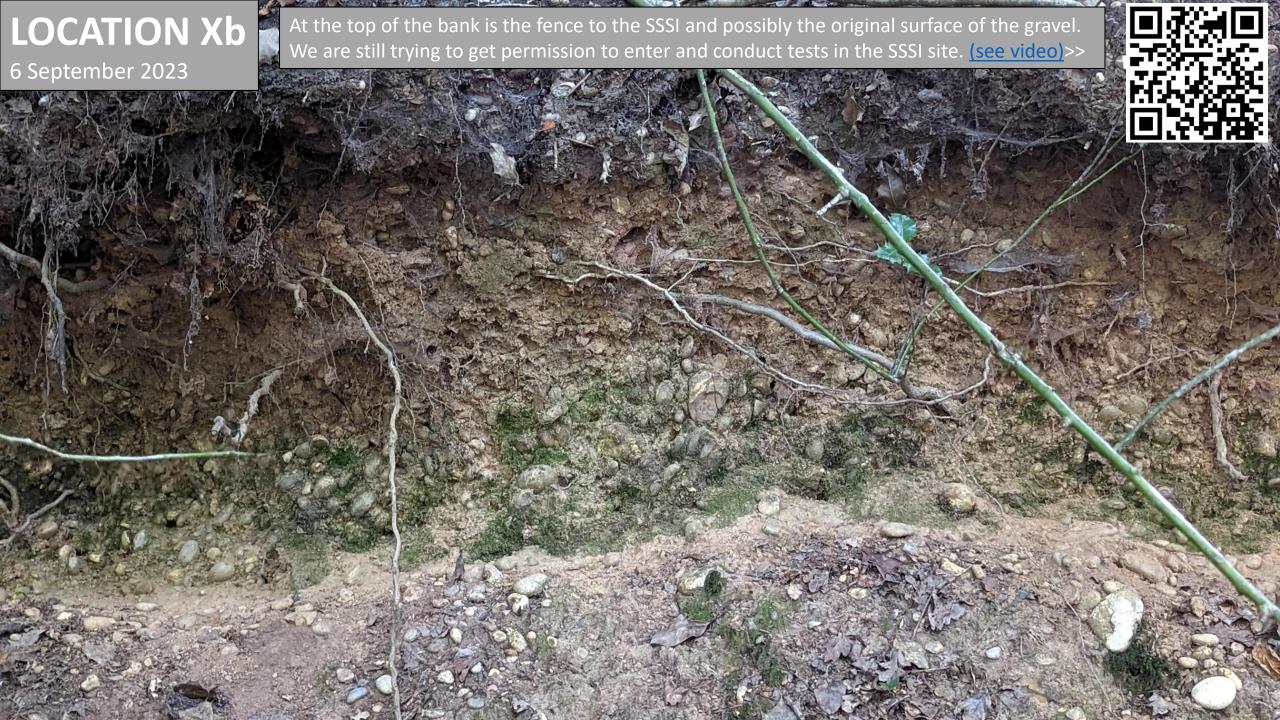












## **LOCATION Xb**

6 September 2023

View from the top of the bank looking into the SSSI. At this point there is an extensive flat surface which is close to the bank which was examined in 2011. This video shows what we could see from the Common side: <a href="https://youtu.be/BqFCUb7AY8M">https://youtu.be/BqFCUb7AY8M</a>. We are still trying to get permission to enter and conduct tests in the SSSI site.

